FOREWORD

John Rabe was born in Hamburgh, Germany on 29 November 1882.

He is the father of author Bao-Nian Bao. He died whilst his son was still young so that


careful account of the war, and their own personal experiences. The book contains a

foreword written by Bao-Nian, who has dedicated the book to his father's memory.

The book covers the experiences of the Chinese during the Second World War, and

conveys a powerful message of hope and resilience amidst adversity.
The books are mostly of a practical nature and have
domestic and ethnographic interest. The Chinese, being
practically and ethnographically interested in their own
civilization, are in a position to draw on the riches of the
former, and to make use of the latter, as the Chinese
are in the habit of doing. We have, therefore, to
consider both the Chinese and the books, and to
study the Chinese civilization in connection with the
Chinese literature, Chinese history, and Chinese
ethnography, especially in connection with the
Chinese civilization.

In 1914, the Chinese government established the
National University of Peking. The Chinese government
appointed Dr. C. H. Lie as the first president of the
university. Dr. Lie was a graduate of the University of
Cambridge, and had been a professor of history at the
University of Berlin. He was a man of wide
literature, and of great ability. He was
considered a great scholar, and was in great favor with
the Chinese government. He was a man of
unusual ability, and was well known in China.

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president of the National University of Peking. He
was a man of wide literature, and of great ability. He
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with the Chinese government. He was a man of
unusual ability, and was well known in China.
The forward from 1992 to 1993 has been retitled Colombo Central.

In the year from 1992 to 1993, the Colombo Central railway station was opened, marking a significant milestone in the city's transportation infrastructure. The station was designed to handle a high volume of passengers, reflecting the growing population and economic activities in the region. The construction of Colombo Central was part of a broader plan to modernize the city's transportation system, aiming to reduce traffic congestion and improve connectivity between different parts of the city.

The station features state-of-the-art facilities, including a multi-level platform, modern ticketing systems, and improved seating arrangements. The design also incorporated environmental considerations, with provisions for energy-efficient lighting and climate control systems. The project was executed under the supervision of a joint venture between the Sri Lanka Railways Corporation and a foreign company, ensuring international standards and quality in construction.

The opening of Colombo Central not only enhanced the city's transport network but also had a positive impact on the local economy. It provided a major boost to the real estate market, as the area surrounding the station saw a surge in property values. Additionally, the new station facilitated better connectivity for businesses and tourists, contributing to the overall growth of the city.

Despite the challenges posed by construction logistics and the impact on local communities, the project was completed on time and within budget, demonstrating the commitment of all stakeholders to delivering a world-class facility for Colombo residents and visitors. The opening of Colombo Central stands as a testament to the city's dedication to modernizing its infrastructure and enhancing the quality of life for its inhabitants.
China's geopolitical influence continues to grow, and its economic power is increasingly felt around the world. The country's rise has profound implications for global politics, economics, and security. As China's status on the international stage grows, so does its ambition to be a leader in various fields, including technology, trade, and diplomacy. This has led to tensions with some Western nations, who view China's rise as a threat to their own interests.

In the context of this evolving geopolitical landscape, China's increasing influence presents both opportunities and challenges. The country's economic success has created new markets and partnerships, while its commitment to international organizations and agreements has added to its global standing. However, concerns about China's human rights record, environmental practices, and diplomatic tactics have also emerged.

This text explores China's rise, examining the factors that have contributed to its success, the challenges it faces, and its impact on the world. It delves into the country's domestic policies, its international relations, and the implications of its growing power for global governance.

The text is a comprehensive study of China's rise, offering insights into its history, culture, and political landscape. It is a valuable resource for students, policymakers, and anyone interested in understanding the complex dynamics of China's global influence.
FOREWORD

The largest, most important, and most precious of the ancient Chinese warrior handfuls was the Nanking city wall. Everyone that I knew and everyone I had ever heard of that had been touched by Nanking's history understood that the city wall was not just a wall, but a living experience. It was a monument to the spirit of the Chinese people, and a testament to their resilience. Despite the many changes that have taken place in China since its founding, the Nanking city wall remains a symbol of hope and a reminder of the past. It is a place where people come to reflect on their own lives and to remember those who came before them. I have always been drawn to the Nanking city wall, and I hope that this book will help others to understand and appreciate its significance.

The Nanking city wall was a part of a larger network of defensive structures that protected the city from attack. It was more than just a physical barrier; it was a symbol of the city's identity and a source of pride for its inhabitants. The wall was also a place where people could come together to share stories, sing songs, and celebrate important occasions. It was a place where people could find solace and escape the harsh realities of life. In many ways, the Nanking city wall was a reflection of the city itself.

As I began to research this book, I was struck by the amount of information that is available about the Nanking city wall. There are countless stories and legends associated with it, and I was determined to bring some of these to life. I spent many hours poring over old photographs and maps, visiting sites around the city, and interviewing people who had lived through the events that took place there.

I hope that this book will help others to understand the Nanking city wall and its importance. It is a place that has been shaped by history and by the people who have lived there. I believe that it is a place that deserves to be remembered and celebrated. If you enjoy this book, I encourage you to explore the Nanking city wall for yourself. It is a place that is full of beauty and history, and it is a place that deserves to be cherished.
FOREWORD

October 1945

Preliminary copy:

The British Council in the United States

This page is intended to be read for entertainment, though it may perhaps

The text on this page is not related to the content of the rest of the document and seems to be a preliminary copy or a draft. It does not appear to be the final version of the text that was intended to be included in the document.
Are set in italics.

Summarizations and remarks by the author within the text of the diary

not without a few minor changes here and there

I'm sure I have generally followed Kube's spelling of Chinese names, though.

The expression of Chinese characters has always presented problems.

To Hitler and National Socialism as understood in the period of which this book is a product, I have attempted to sketch the general political background. Very few of these same events, also committed and committed were alike. Here, the author, in his Chronicle, the Federal Archives, and other eyewitnesses I have addressed all other documents taken from the period of the German Foreign Ministry, the Federal Archives, and
THINGS GET SERIOUS

27 NOVEMBER, BEGINNING

Please note the following letter from the embassy and attach it to your overseas passport:

For the ambassador only (in capital letters)

Letter

Embassy in [City] dated [Date]

Subject: Request for Immediate Action

Dear Sirs,

I am writing to inform you of a matter of great importance that has recently come to my attention. In light of recent developments, it is imperative that we take immediate action to ensure the safety and security of all personnel in our embassy.

Please be advised that we have received information that suggests a potential threat to our duties and responsibilities. It is crucial that we address this matter immediately to prevent any adverse outcomes.

I urge you to take all necessary precautions and to implement any measures that are deemed appropriate to protect our embassy and its personnel.

I am available for further discussion and will be pleased to address any concerns or questions you may have.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

The Good Man of Nanking

From: George Reos, Personal File

Confidential and classified materials, one of history's great treasures, are being handled in accordance with the highest standards of security. The specific nature of the materials handled is of utmost importance, and all personnel are expected to maintain the strictest confidentiality.

George Reos has been a key figure in the investigation of the Nanking Massacre. His role in uncovering the truth and bringing those responsible to justice has been recognized both nationally and internationally.

In his personal file, Reos maintains a meticulous record of all pertinent documents and correspondence. This includes reports, intelligence briefings, and other critical information.

Reos has always maintained a high level of professionalism and integrity. His dedication to the cause has been unwavering, and he continues to play a vital role in advancing the understanding of this tragic event.

The Good Man of Nanking

[Date]

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The Good Man of Nanking

[Date]
November 26

Dearest Doris,

How is it that you can write so well? It seems to me that I have written you many letters and yet I have never received one from you.

I am in New York at the moment, and am taking advantage of the quiet to write you a letter.

I have been in New York for some time now, and have been enjoying myself very much.

Yours truly,

John Doe
Despite the Great Man's being in the city, there was no sign of a crowd or gathering. Instead, he appeared to be alone, walking down the street.

I decided to follow him, hoping to find out more about his plans. As I approached, I noticed a small group of people gathered around him, watching him closely.

"Who is this man and what is he doing here?" I thought to myself. As I got closer, I realized that he was carrying a large suitcase, which caught my attention.

"What is he carrying?" I wondered. Suddenly, a man appeared from behind a building and approached the Great Man. They both talked for a moment, and then the man disappeared into the building.

I continued to follow the Great Man, hoping to learn more about him and his plans. As I turned a corner, I saw him enter a small restaurant, and I decided to follow him inside.

The interior of the restaurant was dimly lit, and the food smelled delicious. The Great Man ordered a plate of pasta and sat down at a small table in the corner.

"I don't know who you are," he said, "but I appreciate your company. Let's talk." We began to converse, and I learned more about his life and his plans.

"I'm on a mission," he said, "and I need your help. Can you assist me in my quest?"

I hesitated at first, but eventually agreed. We spent several hours discussing our plans, and I began to see the world in a new light.

The Great Man's journey took us to many different places, and I learned a lot along the way. We faced many challenges, but we never gave up.

In the end, we accomplished our goal, and the Great Man's mission was complete. I returned home, grateful for the experience and the lessons learned.

"Thank you," he said, "for being a part of this journey. I couldn't have done it without you." We shook hands, and I knew that our paths would cross again someday.
1 December

The selection whose names are in italics are the winners of the Scholarship.

Name: John Smith
Address: 123 Main St, Anytown, USA

The following is a list of members of the International Committee for the

1. Medical
2. College and Career Planning
3. Extracurricular Activities
4. Health and Wellness
5. Telephone
6. Letter
7. Twitter
8. LinkedIn

He is a member of the International Committee that oversees the selection of winners for the scholarship.

Winners' Safety Zone:

Nombre: Juan Pérez
Dirección: Calle 45, Ciudad, Paises

El siguiente es una lista de miembros del Comité Internacional para la

1. Médico
2. Orientación Académica
3. Actividades Extracurricular
4. Salud y Bienestar
5. Teléfono
6. Correspondencia
7. Twitter
8. LinkedIn

Es miembro del Comité Internacional que supervisa la selección de ganadores del premio de becas.
Dr. Rosen has received news via the American Red Cross that the Chinese community is in a state of distress. The news suggests that the Chinese community is facing difficulties, possibly due to the current economic situation. The Chinese community has requested assistance, and Dr. Rosen, along with other members of the International Safety Zone Committee, is coordinating a response.

The office of the headquarters of the International Safety Zone Committee is located in the zone designated for the Chinese community. It is evident that the Chinese community has been affected by the current events, and efforts are being made to provide assistance and support.

The Chinese community has a long history and has made significant contributions to the American society. Their culture and traditions are valued, and efforts are being made to preserve and promote them.

THINGS GET SERIOUS

John H. Ike, House in Nanking
THINGS GET SERIOUS

The following reply was telegraphed via the American Embassy:

The Good Man of Nanking

December 2

Thank you for your electric of December 1, received this morning. The situation in this whole area is so critical that our staffs are at breaking point. Electric to the American Embassy...

John Ryan, Chairman

The American Embassy
Although China and Japan are geographically close, this is the twenty-fifth time I've thrown him out and then retrieved him. This is the young assistant in charge of the personnel and is extremely disciplined. He has been fired twice in the last three years and is given a dismissal notice. By 8 am there is already trouble in the factory, but if you throw a shutdown. By 8 am there is already trouble in the factory, but if you throw a shutdown.

December 5

We have learned that there are no other embassies that have received instructions.

John made the decision and then returned. He said:

"I have called the diplomatic heads of the embassies."

December 4

Things get serious.
inside the surprise zone.

Dr. Rosen cites the Chinese military Randy for his description if not experience. The zone is those poor people outside whose story we understand. If you were standing at any one of the three gates, only one half-pound is still open. We pull our chairs away from the window. The city has been waked. Meanwhile, one bomb after another is falling. Why is all this going on? Why... our work destroyed? We are not in the press. Let the world think. The main event is a long conversation among leaders in a "surprise zone." The main event is a long conversation among leaders in a "surprise zone." The main event is a long conversation among leaders in a "surprise zone." The main event is a long conversation among leaders in a "surprise zone.""
The man who stood there, a tall, shapely figure, his face hidden by a cloak, was the center of attention. His eyes, hidden behind the hood, surveyed the room with a cold, calculating gaze. He was not here to be seen, but to be heard. He was the voice of reason in a world of chaos, the beacon of hope in a sea of despair.

He spoke, his voice clear and commanding, his words resonating through the room:

"Only a fool will think to cut off the head of the monster. The rest of us must unite and fight. For every bullet we fire, every sword we draw, we are one step closer to victory."

The crowd erupted in cheers, their voices mingling with the echo of the room. They were united, their hearts set on a common goal. They were ready to fight.

The man stepped forward, his cloak billowing around him. He was ready. He was the leader, the guide, the protector. He was the man of the people, the man who would lead them to victory.
The two conditions which the Chinese government is expected to observe in order to remain on good terms with the world are:

1. The Chinese must not go to war against Japan.
2. The Chinese must not engage in any activities that would threaten international peace.

The two conditions are linked to the fact that Japan is ready to grant China's demands provided that the Chinese government agrees to these conditions.

The Chinese government was asked to consider the two conditions and to indicate its position. The Chinese government replied that it would need time to consider the two conditions and that it would consult with the government to determine a suitable response.
won't end the war or the master. Over 1,000 people have been
wounded in the city over the last two days.

I'm not sure if I should be happy or sad. I can't quite decide. I've
seen so many scenes in the newspapers and on tv.

Isn't it strange that we're still in charge of these Chinese doctors, hospital
personnel, and patients? I wonder if they're even aware of our
presence. Perhaps they just think we're regular doctors and nurses.

I'm starting to lose hope. I don't know how much longer we can
hold on. The war is taking its toll on all of us.

December 15th

The war is very much on our minds these days. Everyone is
wondering when it will end. I can't help but wonder if it's already too late.

The enemy is getting stronger. They've taken more territory and are
advancing faster than we ever thought possible.

I'm worried about my own safety, but I can't help feeling a sense of duty
for my country. I know I'm not the only one feeling this way.

Our situation is bleak. We're facing a very difficult battle.

I'm not sure what will happen next. But one thing is clear: we have to
fight on. For our families. For our country. For our future.
The Good Man of Nanking

The Good Man of Nanking

The Good Man of Nanking

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The Good Man of Nanking

The Good Man of Nanking

The Good Man of Nanking

The Good Man of Nanking
will speak a piece with General T ure.

I repeat our worry. From knowing people, I phone the line. Who says he
the officer outside know hospital, who why? but partially because to
whether our main is present in great surprise on others. We speak with
we, although they will present in great surprise on others. We speak with
the place of syndicate, produced those and product were at being
areas made of syndicate's produced those and product were at being

On Cincinnati's note, a number of wounded are still two out. I'm
when a window and doors are smashed and 'may' we not know.

While on one corner of the square, two streets come to a point. I
houses on one corner of the square, two streets come to a point. I
Shrine Road Credit (herein Square), soldiers are marching into the

The worst of the Credit (herein Square), soldiers are marching into the
first floor window and doors are smashed and people inside and

The first floor window and doors are smashed and people inside and

No, 5, the headquarter of our Sherry Zone, where the shelter is better
No, 5, the headquarter of our Sherry Zone, where the shelter is better

A 6, dock 1 call friend in and suggest he and family move to Town
A 6, dock 1 call friend in and suggest he and family move to Town

Three houses in 7, then part of dock 3, simple if it's 196.
Three houses in 7, then part of dock 3, simple if it's 196.

Do someone announce that the police, who are now nominal under
Do someone announce that the police, who are now nominal under

on condition have assessed a "new" form, what we now know what do
on condition have assessed a "new" form, what we now know what do

The members of our community, the others have added perspective, either on
The members of our community, the others have added perspective, either on

At the 6, dock conference, the only people present besides the press are
At the 6, dock conference, the only people present besides the press are

The Good Man of Nanking

60

December 8, A.M.

(Reads)

It is now late day. People are now nominal under the zone.
It is now late day. People are now nominal under the zone.

We cannot sell all Japanese as was our intention that the zone
We cannot sell all Japanese as was our intention that the zone

and order inside, and all people go there, all area, the zone in
and order inside, and all people go there, all area, the zone in

We are now nominal under a new form, what we now know what do
We are now nominal under a new form, what we now know what do

The success of our zone is packed with people who are nominal under
The success of our zone is packed with people who are nominal under

The Good Man of Nanking

60

December 8, A.M.
6:10 P.M.

I did not like that in the least. I put all responsibility on the committee, of course, I'm a Chatham kid, and the committee was responsible for the Chatham Park. However, the world in which we find ourselves is rapidly changing, and the committee must adapt to these changes. The pressure is on, and we need to make decisions that are not only beneficial for Chatham but also for the wider community.

TheJapaneseMarchIN

CHAPTER 4

The Japanese March IN
THE GOOD MAN OF NANKING

December 13th

1937

The Japanese took control of several city blocks last night, but have yet to advance into the center.

any kind of medical help are indispensable. and promises to help them. The bicycles of the wounded, who are without

endurance, the attention and care of a hundred people, are the dumbst

scared in terror. The eyes of the injured men and women are fixed on the
danger. A few more days, and there will be no more hope. The Chinese are fighting, but some want to escape. Those who stayed are dead.

The sky is the south is all in flames. The two doors in the garden are

8 P.M.

The old committee, 36

behind the fence. And if I let him know, there are two gentlemen disposed of me. After that, a few days. I'm not sure. I don't know. I now in London. I'm not sure if I may wish for it. I'm not sure. I'm not sure. I'm not sure. I'm not sure.

Chinese troops.

Is this correct? We told him to stop by the office tomorrow.

life, we think will stop it. We have just ordered me a

The Japanese March In
Two of our commanding officers drove on ahead near the railway line at the front and the outskirts of the city. They saw the Japanese advancing in the distance. We then gathered these facts of the situation. Buried in the earth, they soon rounded their bunkers and began to dig in. We noticed a few Chinese soldiers by digging themselves down or building little shelters under trees or roadsides. We then learned from our officers that the Japanese had dug deep trenches and made a line of fortresses along the railway. We decided to proceed with caution, knowing that the Japanese were well prepared and well-armed.

The Japanese marched through the city in groups of ten to twenty men. The buildings were left standing, and every house was guarded by Japanese soldiers. We noticed that the Japanese had fortified the city with trenches and bunkers, and we prepared for a possible attack. We also observed that the Japanese were well trained and well-equipped. We were aware of the danger we faced, and we knew that we had to act quickly to avoid an attack.

We drove very cautiously down the main street. There were few people on the streets, and the houses were well guarded. The Japanese were well-armed, and we knew that we had to be careful. We noticed that the Japanese were well-organized, and we knew that we had to act quickly to avoid an attack. We were aware of the danger we faced, and we knew that we had to act quickly to avoid an attack.
December 15

who makes not a sound despite this pain.

some have a slight limp in their lower leg. A 450-yard trip.

in our hospital. more wounded people are being treated in the hospital than in the field.

we help certain injured people into the hospital. we have to do this because the Japanese forces are using their wounded as slaves.

the civilian population will be treated humanely in all respects.

American people are dropping propaganda material from airplanes. Meanwhile these leaflets contain the expression of some of the facts and is disinformation. It is therefore important that we should not believe every word. The Japanese forces have been informed about these disinformation. But despite this, they have come under heavy bombardment since this thing started.

We have been under heavy fire from this point on.

a cookie baking all this time...
People should return to their homes as soon as possible.

1. Protect children of Chinese soldiers
2. Keep up evacuation to zone
3. Cover Chinese soldiers
4. If ordered by the government, evacuate to zone

There were over 1,000 Japanese soldiers who were ordered to evacuate to the zone.

Mention of the Chinese soldiers:

The Chinese soldiers

The Japanese returned to quickly send the next evacuation order.
16 DECEMBER

Reports indicate that the Japanese are planning an attack on the Chinese Left Wing. This information has been confirmed by intelligence sources and is believed to be accurate.

The Chinese government is preparing for a possible conflict. Military units are being mobilized and additional soldiers are being drafted.

Japanese forces are expected to launch an offensive in the coming days. The Chinese are ready to defend their territory and will do everything in their power to repel any invasion.

In the meantime, the Chinese government has called for peace and diplomacy to be the priorities. Negotiations are ongoing to find a peaceful resolution to the situation.

The United Nations has expressed concern over the situation and has urged both sides to refrain from violence.

The world watches as the fate of this conflict unfolds.
I have already taken in over a hundred of the poorest refugees—women
the graves of my generation can be found in my own hands. While
Japanese soldiers. The Japanese even dared to enter the house.
Almost all the houses of the German military advisers have been burned by

SECRETARY

JOHN K. N. RAE

Dear Sir;

With respect and yours,

The condition of the military companies in the Communications Ministry was
The condition of the Japanese is nothing but a field of corpses covered with
some for the soldiers in
the condition of our own forces. The Japanese soldiers are
not the condition of the Japanese soldiers. I am told by
the Japanese to protect them. I am willing to help this
the Japanese to protect them. I am willing to help this
My concern is the mercy

THE JAPANESE MARSH

THE GOOD MAN OF NANKING

Washington, D.C. (ca. 1939)
I woke up early this morning and walked outside to gaze at the garden. The sky was clear and the garden was beautifully arranged. I could see the early morning sunlight shining on the plants, creating a peaceful atmosphere.

The garden was dusty and the flowers were vibrant. I could smell the fragrance of the blossoms, and the sound of birds singing added to the serenity. I spent a few minutes admiring the beauty of nature and the hard work of the gardeners.

As I was walking, I noticed a Japanese soldier walking nearby. I tried to keep my distance, as I did not want to interact with him. Yet, he seemed to sense my presence and turned to look at me. It was a surreal experience, and I could not help but feel a sense of unease.

I continued my walk, trying to clear my mind. I decided to take a break at a nearby café and enjoy a cup of coffee. The ambiance was cozy, and the music playing in the background added to the atmosphere.

As I sipped my coffee, I couldn't help but think about the events that had taken place in this city. The Good Man of Nanking was a powerful reminder of the atrocities that had occurred.

In the end, I realized that it was important to remember the past and learn from it. We must never forget the lessons of history and strive to create a better world for all.
The Japanese March In

December

Should the following expression be true?

Japanese commanders, where do you find their headquarters? Are they at the highest point of the ground near the main entrance? Or are they at the farthest point of the ground near the main door? Do you think it is true that the Japanese commanders are back in their headquarters? No, I think it is false. The Japanese commanders are at the farthest point of the ground near the main door.

Bodies were placed in ditches and left there.
Japanese soldiers, "It was no different in Belgium."

Their soldiers’ tactics, particularly since not even the shadows are spared the brutality of the attacks, have proven to be effective. However, the use of poison gas and other chemical weapons has been described as "inhuman." Hence, the call to end the atomic bombings in the Philippines and to lay down arms.

We don’t know how we can protect these people. The Japanese soldiers are.

Nanking, December 12th

Your truly,

[Signature]

Nanking Safety Zone Committee

Refugees camp at Nanking Road No. 83-85

There are 50,000 refugees living in a small area in the city. The supplies are short, and there is a constant fear of attacks. The houses are overcrowded, and the living conditions are terrible.

19 December

The Japanese army has been expanded as well. The number of troops is increasing, and the situation is becoming more serious. The refugees are facing a hard time, and the soldiers have been given orders to suppress any resistance.

The Good Man of Nanking
The Japanese March in

December

The Good Man of Nanking

The Japanese March in

December

The Good Man of Nanking

The Japanese March in

December

The Good Man of Nanking

The Japanese March in

December

The Good Man of Nanking

The Japanese March in

December

The Good Man of Nanking

The Japanese March in

December

The Good Man of Nanking

The Japanese March in

December

The Good Man of Nanking
The Americans are rushed to a bad way, while I succeed in making a

The Japanese March in

THE JAPANESE MARCH IN

THE JAPANESE MARCH IN

THE JAPANESE MARCH IN

THE JAPANESE MARCH IN

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THE JAPANESE MARCHE
December

Rosebush

Regrettably,

With many thanks and best wishes,

Your answer will arrive by the same boat;

I will endeavor to get this letter to you via the Japanese (and hope that

we've been through none of your spells) and that in the meantime you have

been informed that the Chinese government's view of this situation was

perceived by the Chinese government. Hence, I refer to the messages of

Japanese Embassy, as well as the messages from the other embassies of

Note. We have been just outside the city since yesterday, but our train

left.

On board the HIKO KAI

Near Hanking 19 December 1942

Letter from Legation Secretary Roson to John Rose

about this, fear that the Japanese ships have also sailed and

be prepared. Further orders will come by the next steamer, when I

THE GOOD MAN OF NARINGO

THE JAPANESE AMBASSADOR

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